

London and River Plate Bank (LIMITED) London, Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, Rosario, and Cordoba.

Authorized Capital, £2,000,000. Subscribed Capital, £1,000,000. Reserve Fund, £1,000,000.

Office in Buenos Ayres—CORNER OF CALLE PIEDAD AND RECONQUISTA.

Current Accounts opened with Commercial Firms and private individuals.

Customers have the advantage of having approved bills discounted—of obtaining Loans upon Negotiable Securities, of Depositing Bills, Comptes, etc., for Collection—subject to a Conventional Commission.

The Bank receives deposits either at sight, for fixed periods, or at thirty days' notice of withdrawal.

Letters of Credit issued to parties travelling abroad.

Letters of Credit issued to parties for the purpose of purchasing Goods in Europe, the United States, etc., the forms of which can be ascertained on application to the Bank.

Parties wishing to bring out funds to the River Plate, can do so through the medium of the Bank's chief office.

N. 54 MOORE-STREET, LONDON E.C. 6.

And all the principal Towns of ENGLAND, SCOTLAND, and IRELAND.

Antwerp, Amsterdam, Berlin, Bremen, Hamburg, London, Lyons, Madrid, Milan, Naples, Paris, Rome, St. Petersburg, Vienna, Zurich.

Bayona, Bordeaux, Havre, Marseilles, Oporto, Valparaiso.

London & R. Plate Bank (LIMITED) CALLE DE LA PIEDAD.

On deposits in account current—3 per cent.

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The Standard AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.

BUENOS AYRES, SUNDAY, JANUARY 11, 1880 19TH YEAR

Banco de Italia

RIO DE LA PLATA.

98 Calle Piedad 98

Capital efectivo, \$1,000,000.

Desde esta fecha, hasta marzo, erase la tasa de interés de la siguiente manera:

En moneda corriente, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de oro, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de plata, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de cobre, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de hierro, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de zinc, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de plomo, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de estaño, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de antimonio, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de bismuto, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de cobalto, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de níquel, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de selenio, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de telurio, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de yodo, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de bromo, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de cloro, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de flúor, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de oxígeno, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de hidrógeno, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de nitrógeno, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de carbono, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de silicio, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de fósforo, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de azufre, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de calcio, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de magnesio, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de aluminio, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de hierro, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de zinc, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de cobre, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de plata, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de oro, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de platino, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de iridio, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de rodio, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de paladio, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de cobalto, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de níquel, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de selenio, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de telurio, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de yodo, 5 por ciento.

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En moneda de cloro, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de flúor, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de oxígeno, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de hidrógeno, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de nitrógeno, 5 por ciento.

En moneda de carbono, 5 por ciento.

CHARGEURS REUNIS

French Steam Navigation Company Regular Fortnightly Line of first class Steamers between RIVER PLATE, BRAZIL, and HAVRE.

DOM PEDRO, PAMPA, PORTENA.

VILLE DE RIO, VILLE DE BAHIA, VILLE DE SANTOS, HENRI IV.

The following Steamships will be despatched from this port—

PORTENA, 3,500 Tons, Captain ROBERT.

To sail on the 27th JANUARY.

HAVRE, 3,500 Tons, Captain ROBERT.

To sail on the 27th JANUARY.

For freight, passages, etc.

Apply to P. CHRISTOPHERSEN, General Agent.

Buenos Aires, 151 Calle San Martín.

Montevideo, 23 Calle Piedras.

NOTE.—The Company wish to impress upon Importing Houses in the River Plate, that their steamers offer great advantages to the regular sailings all the year round, and the splendid condition in which they are maintained.

In quantities times the steamers will come out WITHOUT TOUCHING AT BRAZILS.—The Company's offices at Paris, are at 30 Rue Le Pelletier, Havre, 191 Boulevard de Strasbourg.

BUENOS AIRES, 151 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

MONTevideo, 23 CALLE PIEDRAS.

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P.S.N.C.

Pacific Steam Navigation Company.

Quickest Route from the River Plate to Europe and the Pacific.

The Company's splendid steamer S.S. COTOPAXI.

4027 Tons.

Captain C. B. GROVES.

To sail on the 26th January.

Calling at Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Vigo, Bordeaux, and LIVERPOOL.

Admitting Cargo and Passengers.

Attention is called to the splendid opportunity offered to passengers sailing in this port by a steamer of this renowned Company.

Table Wine is supplied gratis to 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Cooking in the best French style. All the Steamers carry Surgeons and Stewards.

151 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

FOR EUROPE S.S. LIGURIA.

4000 Tons.

Captain C. DARLEY.

To sail on the 13th January.

FOR THE PACIFIC S.S. VALPARAISO.

4027 Tons.

Captain J. HAMILTON.

To sail on the 26th January.

Passengers from Buenos Ayres to Montevideo, in connection with the Company's "Paseo" steamer.

These steamers have been built expressly for this route, and in their construction every modern improvement has been employed, thus affording safety, speed and every accommodation to be desired by passengers.

The regularity with which they make their voyages is a proof of their seaworthy qualities, and their Commanders are justly famed for the discipline maintained on board their vessels and their attention to passengers.

Passage to Montevideo free.

For freight, passages, etc., apply to the Agents YARROU, BERT & CO.

Buenos Ayres: 151 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

Montevideo: 23 CALLE PIEDRAS.

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RULES

Circulating Library

Any Member may borrow from the Library by having a deposit of One Hundred Dollars in the hands of the Treasurer.

2. A borrower may take one volume at a time, and not exceeding 7 DAYS for Family and Magazines.

3. That a period not exceeding 14 DAYS be allowed for the period of ordinary work.

4. That a Borrower in returning a volume may re-borrow it, provided that during its absence it has not been applied for by any other person.

5. The Librarian will attend, to give out books, two hours daily, as follows: On Mondays and Tuesdays from 7 to 9 p.m. On Wednesdays and Thursdays from 4 to 6 p.m. On Fridays and Saturdays from 9 to 11 a.m. On Sundays and Holidays the Library will be closed.

B. Aires, January 9th 1880.

RYMER O. WATSON Hon. Sec.

Al Comercio

En la casa de la calle de la Piedad, en la casa de la calle de la Piedad, en la casa de la calle de la Piedad.

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NOTICE

The Partnership hitherto existing between the undersigned in this City under the firm of GILMORE, RUNCIMAN & Co.

is dissolved by mutual consent on and from this date, and Mr. ROBERT INGILIS RUNCIMAN remains engaged with the recovery of all outstanding due to him, and the payment of all liabilities due by the firm of Gilmore, Runciman & Co. in this City.

Buenos Aires, 16th December 1879.

Signed, Wm. RODGER GILMORE

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Royal Mail Steam Packet Company

Without touching in Brazil.

THE COMPANY'S STEAMER
GUADIANA,
2,504 Tons, — Horse-power,
Commander

Will sail on the
7th of February,

ANTWERP DIRECT,
Call at
MONTEVIDEO, ST. VINCENT,
LISBON, VIGO, SOUTH-
AMPTON.

The above steamer will carry 1st, 2nd and 3rd class passengers at

REDUCED RATES
Mails, Specie, Cargo and Parcels to all the above ports and

THROUGH TICKETS
Are granted to Antwerp, Havre, Cherbourg and principal ports in Spain and Portugal.

These steamers are provided with every accommodation for carrying passengers, and table-wine is given to all classes.

RETURN TICKETS
Are granted to 1st class passengers with deduction of 25 per cent on passage money.

FAMILIES AND COMPANIES
Persons wishing to bring out their friends from Europe can arrange with the Company's Agent on reasonable terms.

For further particulars apply to the Agent,
HENRY A. GREEN,
Or to
HENRY L. GREEN, Broker,
175—RECONQUISTA—175

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REMATE

Por
Baltar y Quesada
DE
10 Vaquillonas y 4 Toros Darham,
hijas de Polifemo

Procedentes del establecimiento
SAN MARTIN

En Cañuelas
Por cuenta y orden del Señor Don
VICENTE L. CASARES

En nuestra casa, calle San Martín 61.
El Miércoles 21 de Enero 1880, la una en
punto del día, venderemos al mejor precio y
al contado una espléndida lota de animales
vencidos, procedentes del acreditado estable-
cimiento arriba indicado.

Cuyo pomarero se nosa sigue—
ROSE—Coloinda
KATE—Rosilla
FANNY—Manchada
LOLA—Coloinda
LILIE—Rosilla
LINDA—Manchada
OLGA—Rosilla
NELLIE—Coloinda
PACA—Coloinda
LEDA—Rosilla

Toda esta vaquilla con hijas del gran
palo Polifemo, de 3 y 16/16 sangre
Darham de 11 a 25 meses de edad.

4 Toros Darham hijos de Polifemo.
Por mas datos a nuestro Excmo. Sr. Don
Martín 61.

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Martín 61.

SEDERIAS

Grosos negros, clase garantida al uso, 1000
puntas a \$25, 24, 20, 25, 30, 32, 35, 38, 40
hasta 140 lb. vara

Este surtido desfiló toda clase de competen-
cia y se encuentra únicamente

CIUDAD DE LONDRES
37—PERU—38
Entre Rivadavia y Victoria.

1,000,000 Un million Fan-
tallas Japonesas
DIBUJOS RIQUEZIMOS CLASES FINAS
Esta verdadera cosina se encuentra

38—PERU—39
Entre Rivadavia y Victoria.

A la Ciudad de Londres
e 104 j27

J. B. GAHAN
General Broker and Commission
Agent.

FOR SALE
The following highly approved Specimens for
curing the skin and in small or large quan-
tities. Samples and samples will be forward-
ed on application.

1. Linck's extract of Tobacco (South Down
Sleep Wash)

2. Marvalina

3. The Little Dip

4. The Glycine Dip

5. Jey's Sleep Dip

6. The Compound Sulphurous Essence of
Tobacco

7. Esencia de Tabaco Sulphuroso.
This is the most charged by manufactur-
ers and importers.

No commission to purchasers.
Batafuegos, Wire, Posts and Tomatoes for
Sale. Puestos de Miel.

Cattle from the Provinces and Blood Stock
from Europe.

75—CALLE RECONQUISTA—75

The Standard.
Nil fati audiam nil nisi non audiam dicere.

Cicero.

SUNDAY, JANUARY 11, 1880.

Special Telegrams
London, Jan. 8.

Tallow 38s.

O'Gorman to
Standard.

Montevideo, Jan. 10,
4.30 p.m.

Important news from Rio, which
I did not send last evening thinking
that you must have got it all
through Havas. The news are
these—

Owing to a new tax of one vintén
(2 cents) put on all tramway and
railroad tickets in Rio Janeiro, a
mob composed of about 8000 people,
mostly Republicans, gathered in
the main streets to protest against
the tax, causing very serious distur-
bances in which the troops had to be
called out to put a stop to the pro-
ceedings and ultimately succeeded.

The disturbance commenced on the
1st inst. in the Plaza Pedro 2°, in
a meeting called together with the
object of protesting against the tax.
Dr. Lopez Trovao, getting on a bal-
cony, pronounced a very severe
speech, advising the people to resist
the Government and the authori-
ties.

After this an officer named Federo
Severo followed with another
speech in the same sense, after which
the people proceeded in a body into
Ovidor Street, crying out 'Death
against the authorities!' 'Long live
the Journal do Comercio, Ovidor
and Guerra de Nobres'

Reaching Uruguaia Street, the
mob divided into different groups,
one of which remained in Ovidor
Street, and another took to San
Francisco.

Doctor Lopez Trovao continued
his speeches, and the mob took to
very serious acts, taking the tram-
way cars and barricading the
streets, lifting up the rails and
destroying several cars and killing
the horses. Several shots were dis-
charged from revolvers and mus-
kets against the guards and drivers.

The police authorities, seeing
this, tried to stop the proceedings,
and were fired into and stones
pitched at them.

The mob were headed by Dr.
Trovao, Don Ferreira Meneses and
others. The cavalry troops attack-
ed the mob and dispersed it, but
later on they had to charge again,
and ultimately battalion number one
turned out, and being fired upon
they discharged a volley and some
were killed and many wounded.

Three people were killed, two of them
foreigners.

The mob was ultimately dispersed,
but the disturbances continued more
or less until the 3rd inst. The mi-
nistries were required to repeal the
tax and energetically refused. The
Press published a manifesto request-
ing the people to keep quiet and
wait for the resolution of Govern-
ment in a peaceful manner.

Great damage was done to houses
and shops. The active movements
of the people had subsided, but an
ill-feeling against the Government
continued against the steamer left
Rio.

Mr. Gilmour, of Liverpool, who
last month visited the Plate, after
an absence of 14 long years, assured
that he noted far more change,
progress and improvement in the
camps of Buenos Ayres than in the
city, and yet that improvement is
purely individual. The estanciaero
progresses, the sheepfarmer thrives,
fences his land and changes the pla-
guis of the very camp—but the
towns and their authorities, the
country Judge and his Alcaldes are
the same to-day as in the time of
Rivadavia. These country towns, if
surrounded like Esperanza or Villa
Colon, with wheat-farms, would very
soon become centres of great im-
portance. We have the land, the col-
onist, the seed, and the farming ten-
ants, yet the rich and prosperous and
enlightened Province of Buenos Ay-
res can only show the Russian Col-
ony of Olavaria as its sole effort in

BUENOS AYREAN COLONIES.

If the harvest of Santa Fe has
deceived our bright hopes, and the
wheat that we looked for at San
Lorenzo and Santo Tomé has turned
to straw, the crops of Buenos Ayres
were never more splendid. The
fields of Quilmes, the slopes of San
Isidro and the wild charras of Olav-
aria have given to the husband-
man a yield that awakens us to the
pleasant fact that we have a Santa
Fe of our own in this province, if we
but know how to develop it.

Mr. Dillon's letter to President
Avellaneda, narrating the progress
of immigration throughout the year
1879, and certifying to the prosperi-
ty of the Russian colonists at Olav-
aria, has a double significance,
since it proves two most important
facts:—First, that the running of
the North-German Lloyd steamers
from Genoa to the Plate has fo-
mented the Italian emigration; and
second, that the Russians, when
well and properly treated, are good
colonists and a valuable acquisition
to our National resources. Both
these points are covered by this let-
ter, and they are points of some im-
portance, since it is more than pro-
bable this year will lead to a still
further development in the same
line.

Until last year it was very gene-
rally supposed here and in Europe
that the Llavellero steamers were
quite sufficient for the Italian
emigration to the Plate. Now and
then we published that, on the sail-
ing of the steamers from Genoa, pas-
sengers remained over, but neither
our Government, nor even our mer-
chants paid the least attention to
the fact that the Italians were often
sent by rail down to Havre, where,
by the tricks of land-sharks and
runners, the unfortunate people were
frequently put into the wrong
steamer and exiled to Venezuela or
deported to New York. The cruelty
of such tricks upon the poor emi-
grants was too obvious to be over-
looked, and many of our New York
colleagues acted well their part by
calling the attention of the authori-
ties to the swindle, and in some
cases having the steamers fined.

The North-German Lloyd steamer
Hermann enters port this morning
with 950 Italian emigrants, and it
might fatigue our readers to give a
list of the steamers from the Medi-
terranean at present on the way out,
all freighted with emigrants. We
note, however, in this, as in many
other trades, that the greater the
facilities the greater the develop-
ment, and we really see no reason to
doubt that Southern Europe will, in an
emigration point of view, prove to
the River Plate what Northern Eu-
rope has already been to the United
States. The great steamer competi-
tion that now exists has brought the
passage money for the Italian emi-
grant to the Plate to £4, which is
about on a parity with the passage
money in the Liverpool emigrant
sailing ships in the year 1851, when
Irish emigration to the U. States was
at its highest.

The prosperity of the Olavaria
Colony is a matter of the most vital
interest to Buenos Ayres; it estab-
lishes that colonies can thrive in
this province when properly man-
aged, and that our capitalists are
not limited to sheep and cattle
farming. On many previous occa-
sions we have called attention to the
great want of push or energy by our
country Municipalities, who, if they
were equal to their trusts, would
have all the Municipal lands of
'ejidos' around their towns settled on
by agricultural immigrants, instead
of being covered with fields of abor-
iginal 'siestas' or 'bisnaga'.

Each of these Municipalities hold
all the power to create around their
towns, on these idle Municipal lands,
smiling, happy homesteads. The
miserable excuse that the land,
country, climate and people are not
adapted to grain growing is scatter-
ed to the winds by this letter of
Mr. Dillon, which shows, in the case
of the Olavaria Colony, precisely
the contrary; and now that the Go-
vernment of the Province has taken
the matter in hand and ordered re-
turns from every Partido and Juzga-
do, let us hope Mr. Balbin will ga-
ther from the country Justices a list
of these 'ejidos' or Municipal lands
that are lying idle, through the
'dog-in-the-manger' policy of the au-
thorities. Every acre of these 'ejidos'
we want for the Lavarellero and
North-German Lloyd passengers,
and instead of sending them off to
the Gran Chaco or Patagonia, let us
plant at least some of our colonists
around the country towns of this
province.

Mr. Gilmour, of Liverpool, who
last month visited the Plate, after
an absence of 14 long years, assured
that he noted far more change,
progress and improvement in the
camps of Buenos Ayres than in the
city, and yet that improvement is
purely individual. The estanciaero
progresses, the sheepfarmer thrives,
fences his land and changes the pla-
guis of the very camp—but the
towns and their authorities, the
country Judge and his Alcaldes are
the same to-day as in the time of
Rivadavia. These country towns, if
surrounded like Esperanza or Villa
Colon, with wheat-farms, would very
soon become centres of great im-
portance. We have the land, the col-
onist, the seed, and the farming ten-
ants, yet the rich and prosperous and
enlightened Province of Buenos Ay-
res can only show the Russian Col-
ony of Olavaria as its sole effort in

a line where the people of Santa Fe
hold such acknowledged precedence.

We trust Governor Tejedor will
begin the new year by founding a
couple more Olavarias and insist-
ing on the country Municipalities at
once settling the immigrants on their
'ejidos,' which, lying as they do, cov-
ered with woods and thistles, form
a speaking sarcasm on our Muni-
cipal Administrations.

LATEST FROM ROSARIO.
(Our own Correspondent.)

Jan. 7th.

Your article on 'Our wheat crop,
in Saturday's issue, is interesting,
embodying as it does your own re-
marks with extracts from the Times
correspondent in Minnesota. The ex-
perience given to us by the corres-
pondent tallies very closely with
what we see in this province this
year. It is very satisfactory to see
from your article that from the pro-
vince of Buenos Ayres a larger
crop can be expected than last year.

This, with the wheat from Cordoba,
and probably some from Santiago,
and the flour from Mendoza and
San Juan, may keep up our credit
as exporters of cereals to Europe.
It is a great drawback that Santa
Fe, which became known in the mer-
cantile geography of European mar-
kets for the first time last year,
should turn out the losing horse
this year. It is not the low rate of
yield, but the intrinsic bad quality
of the grain that is the misfortune.

Seven bushels to the acre will not
pay the farmer, but were those seven
bushels of a good quality, it would
pay the country, for it could be ex-
ported. Seven bushels to the acre,
which is now admitted to be the
average yield in this province, if of
the quality of last year's crop, of
millions of bushels of wheat worth four
millions of Bolivian dollars to the
province; but it is probable we shall
not be able to aid the exportation
of the country with more than five
hundred thousand bushels; and we
may count ourselves fortunate if
that quantity can be collected of a
quality to suit the European mar-
kets.

The Olavaria mill has been grind-
ing wheat that only gave one third
flour, that is five arrobas, 125 lbs. to
a Santa Fe fanega of 375 lbs. The
September and November frosts,
particularly the latter, did the dan-
age. There are many cases all over
the province of the yield being only
two fanegas to the square, or three
bushels to the acre, not paying cost
of harvesting. Where the lands
stand high the crops have been
better; and at the colony of Jesus
Maria there is some fair wheat, as
there is also in the colonies to the
north of Cañadita de Gomez.

A quantity of machinery and ma-
terial has been landed here, and
sent up to Mr. Lafone's silver and
copper mines in Catamarca. The
copper of these mines is exception-
ally rich in gold. I have heard it
stated that the gold extracted from
the copper of Mr. Lafone's mines
pays all the freight from the mines
to England of the copper.

The agent of the great machinery
house of Messrs. Fawcett Preston
and Co. of Liverpool, who has been
in this country some years, returns
to England. He has introduced a
considerable amount of machinery
for the manufacture of sugar in Tu-
man and Salta; I believe, however,
that the French or Belgian Con-
tinental machine is preferred up the
country. If I am wrong, Mr. Hill
will set me right. Those I saw in
Tucuman were French. We may ex-
pect this year a great increase of
production of sugar, owing to the in-
troduction of machinery within the
last year.

Some four months ago Pedro Peña
took it into his head that the regu-
lar profits of business ought not
to satisfy an enterprising man, so,
making use of all his credit and
that of his friends, he bought in B.
Ayres as many goods as he could,
brought them to Rosario and opened
shop. A few days afterwards he
chose to fail, and put up the shut-
ters. On opening the store the au-
thorities were surprised to find it
entirely empty. Mr. Peña had
cleverly hidden everything away.
He was apprehended and put into
quod. The greater part of the goods
has been discovered. He had sent
them to the country house of a friend.
I recall this incident to mind by
seeing in the papers that Peña has
just escaped from prison.

Sixty-five immigrants were landed
here during the past week. I am
afraid many of the immigrants that
are being sent up the river are suf-
fering much misery. A large num-
ber are sent up by the Immigration
Department merely to get rid of
them, and without any distinct des-
tination. As many as seventy were
sent out in one batch to a colony
where no hands were wanted, and
two hundred were landed in Pa-
rana. Some time after another
batch was sent up to the same

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The sailing of the mail steamer Leibnitz was the business of the day yesterday, and, between the Packet Edition going out and the Cotopaxi's mails coming in, several new subscribers got enveloped in newspapers, although news was rather scarce. We publish extracts from the papers by the Cotopaxi in another column. We perceive that the London and River Plate Bank has declared a 4 per cent. dividend for the half-year.

Our Rosario correspondent's account of the Boca banquet in that city has set the White and Black Hat parties more furiously by the ears than ever. There is certainly a vast difference between it and some other versions given to the public, but we can vouch for the mathematical correctness of our veteran correspondent. Some people suggest that the other candidate, Governor Tejedor, ought now to try his luck in Rosario and see if he will get a warmer reception there than his political opponent. We find one can just as easily desert the wood-cutter's rancho. We hoist our standard, a white pocket-handkerchief, and in the course of half an hour have the satisfaction to find that we have been heard and to see a canoe creeping up the opposite shore to escape the strong current and breakers. In the meantime we explore the woods and find many rare caterpillars, two or three specimens of the *Bulimus*, one of which measures four inches across the mouth and looking up, a carapace now comes rolling by, succeeded by a most lovely pair of dark green kingfishers with their snowy roofs around their necks, whilst above sails majestically the jote or vulture; thus employed, up glides silently the home-made canoe with a shaggy, hoary ancient paddling from the stern. This canoe was hollowed out from a single trunk of timbo and measured about 25 feet seating six persons comfortably; others up to 45 feet in length and upwards and capable of carrying upwards of 4 tons are produced in a similar way, and very dry and comfortable water-carriages they make.

(To be continued.)

The Cotopaxi's Mails.

London, December 13th.

The Congress of German Chambers of Commerce is pleading for an International Exhibition at Berlin. The Government is not much inclined to approve the proposal, because it is planning an exhibition of German and Austrian art-industry for next year.

It is reported that Krupp of Essen has undertaken to execute a large order for steel rails for England, and that he promises to make them at 15s. less per ton than all his English competitors.

It is announced that the Coupon No. 11 of the East Argentine Railway Seven per Cent First Mortgage Debentures, and Coupon No. 8 of the Eight per Cent. Second Mortgage Debentures, both due on Dec. 1, are now payable at Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie and Co's bank.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the London and River Plate Bank (Limited), held on November 25 it was resolved to recommend a dividend of 4 per cent. for the half-year ended September 30 last, free of income tax, making with the interim dividend of 4 per cent. paid in June, a distribution of 8 per cent. for the year.

Mr. Kirkham, of Biscathorpe House, near Louth, Lincolnshire, has sold twenty of his much-esteemed pure-bred Lincolnshire rams to Captain Reed, to go out to Buenos Ayres, where the breed of Lincolnshire long-wools is extensively cultivated. The fame of Mr. Kirkham's sheep is being still further enhanced by large exportation of grand specimens of that much esteemed flock to these distant places. The price paid is said to be very high.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Edward William Bonham, Esq., now Her Majesty's Consul at Cayenne, to be Her Majesty's Consul for the provinces of Pernambuco, Paraíba, Alagoas, Rio Grande do Norte, and Ceara, to reside at Pernambuco.

In our last we referred to the subject of the importation of live cattle from Australia and South America. We are glad to note that the first arrival of 250 sheep from the River Plate into Havre has been sold readily at very remunerative prices. Only five died during the passage, and the remainder were landed in a very favourable condition. It is said that a rich French landed proprietor has contracted with the shipping company of Havre to bring some 300 sheep every voyage. A similar experiment with regard to cattle is about to be decided upon, and in a very short time we may be able to congratulate the Argentine Republic on a very profitable trade in this direction.

Prince Gortschakoff has resumed the direction of affairs at the Russian Foreign Office. A full Council of Ministers was to be held yesterday to consider the present situation and determine the line of policy to be adopted. Whatever, observes the Vienna correspondent of the Times, be the decision, it is believed that it will be of momentous importance not only for Russia but for all Europe.

ness with fellow residents of the city by letter, but the 'express' would be of use in corresponding with the Interior.

The *Industrial* warns the Exhibition Committee to look slippy or they will find their building in the background in September next, the time when President Avellaneda will open the Show. Our colleagues are right. There is no time to be lost. Confound politics.

The French Chambers have abolished the law which prohibited manual labour on Sunday. The old story, and the end will be the same. As well as we remember, the first French Republic did a good deal of this kind of law-making.

Good news. The Board of Health have recommended the National Government to reduce the quarantine on vessels from Brazil to ten days, in view of the healthy condition of Rio Janeiro. It is believed the Government will do so.

A Yorkshireman and a Lincolnshireman were once disputing as to the relative fertility of the two counties. 'In Lincolnshire,' said the one, 'if you put a horse in a field overnight, you won't see his legs in the morning, the grass will be so high.' 'In Yorkshire,' said the other, 'you may put a horse in a field overnight, and in the morning you won't see him at all.'

Two 'jovenes' came into collision on Friday and one of them was nearly out in two. The event occurred in the Inner Roads, and the 'dramatic persons' were two pilot-boats—the Joven Julio and the Joven Manuel.

Order! order! One of our colleagues proposes that the tramway drivers should be obliged to use horns of larger size than they do at present. We oppose the motion. They make noise enough already to awaken the dead.

The Tiro Nacional hold another field day at Palermo to-day. Awfully wet weather for the goose step, to say nothing of the eighteen manoeuvres.

Placards are now coming into play in the election struggle. The police tore down several on Friday in the South end of the town, but they were up again yesterday morning.

The Entre Rios papers report the death of a man at Parana who fell from the roof of a house while walking in the sleep.

A telegraph wire has been laid from the War Office to the camp at the Chacarita.

Carnival commences early this year—on the second Sunday of February. The fashionable Clubs have already announced their masquerade balls, and the second Sunday of February 1880 will be a busy day for Buenos Ayres, unless Jupiter Pluvius should put in an appearance and stop both fun and politics.

A Chair of Italian is to be established in the National College of Buenos Ayres. Thanks to Rossi the actor.

The Victoria Theatre will shortly re-open with a 'Cuadros Vivos' company which includes no fewer than 70 artists.

The distinguished Franciscan, Father Esquivel, will be consecrated Bishop of Coroba next April by the Archbishop of Buenos Ayres. The ceremony will take place in this city, in the Cathedral.

There is nothing in the Montevideo papers to hand yesterday except mention of a 'incidente desagradable' which, we suppose, means a boxing match, between an eminent ecobiano and a distinguished officer. Who is she?

ON 'CHANGÉ.

January 10th, 1880.

Pabona.....	31.95 paper.
National Bonds.....	80
Cedulas A.....	82
Cedulas B.....	80
C.....	79
Treasury Bonds.....	76
Nat. Bank Shares.....	60.75
Est. Bank Notes.....	81
Buenos Aires.....	86
Rio de Janeiro.....	74
Montevideo.....	81
of 1874 81	
Empress of Populair.....	80
Old City.....	80 premium
Bolzano Railway.....	60
National Bonds.....	65

The gold market ruled all day at 31.80, when the very last sale, in order to make a quotation, was marked at 31.85, but ten minutes after the bell rang 30.000 pata were sold at 31.80, and gold was still offering at 31.80.

Due to the large transference of the week in exchange, the gold movement to-day was heavy, although the sales at the ring were not large.

Cedulas were rather firmer than yesterday and the sales for the end of March amounted to 80,000. Prices for each closed firm at 82.

Treasury Notes held firm at 76, and National Bank shares held their own at 60.75.

Drawers of Exchange tried hard to-day to establish 498, but no takers could be found and the bill passed over at 498. France rule weak owing to the large bills in the market, but on the closing of the Leibnitz and Ligier's mails it is thought that the rate will again advance.

The business of the day was the amortization of National Bonds, the rate to-day being the very highest ever known in this market, 88.80, and but for the large amount amortized by Don Roberto Laviey, 50,000 at 84, for which no yesterday was offered 85 and refused, some of the bonds would have been amortized at 94, being the inevitable bid.

The following were the bids for amortization of Treasury Notes:

E. Manilla.....	1,550	80
T. E. Warren.....	1,000	78
P. Gandolfo.....	750	77
J. de Casabona.....	6,000	77
A. Sutor.....	1,100	77.50
O. Fraje.....	15,000	80
E. Walder.....	4,750	77.25
F. Tobol.....	14,000	79
D. Abadie.....	1,700	75.94
S. Pallas.....	3,000	77.50
Boumarie Hermanos.....	3,000	76.24
Do.....	6,000	76.40
L. Weil.....	8,000	76

69,860

Accepted bids—		
F. Tobol.....	14,000	76
L. Weil.....	8,000	76
Beaumarie Hermanos.....	3,000	76.24
Do.....	6,000	76.40
D. Abadie.....	1,700	75.94
T. Carova.....	4,050	77
P. Gandolfo.....	750	77
New Bonds.....	31,850	

Amortization fund 52,943 lbs

National Bonds bids for amortization—		
E. Beldos per Gan- dufo.....	2,300	87
J. Portet.....	5,000	85.80
Robert Dawson.....	5,000	84
A. Scharf.....	8,700	85
L. Weil.....	2,000	83
A. Scharf.....	8,000	85
F. Sampaio.....	1,000	95
E. Manilla.....	1,500	85

\$114,300

Amortization fund 52,943 lbs

Bids accepted—		
L. Weil.....	2,000	83
R. Lawson.....	6,000	84
E. Manilla.....	1,500	85
P. Gandolfo.....	2,300	87
G. Portet.....	6,200	85.80
New Bonds.....	31,850	
W. von Meyern.....	1,800	67.85

The following were the numbers drawn of Bonds and Bridges bonds for amortization—

17	45	139	158	293
614	147	579	749	738
1055	1058	1118	1118	1133
1408	1438	1442	1477	1437

Don J. A. Fernandez, treasurer of the Ristara Fund, received 250 to-day from England for subscription of an English River Plate house.

Mr. N. Mortimer and Commander H. T. Clancy of the Elk were welcomed on 'Change' by Mr. Mortimer says that according to the prices published, wheat is dearer here than in England, and has kindly promised to give us the figures.

We have received a letter in reply to Mr. Dillon's remarks about the Nile wheat, which we are compelled to hold over. As we are able to report, Mr. Dillon's remarks about the Nile wheat, which we are compelled to hold over.

The gold sales were—
For cash 191,369 31.80-85
For Jan. 17th 10,000 31.85
For Jan. 21st 42,000 31.90
Sales 243,369

Venimontinos 218,000 pata.
Cedulas—
For cash A. 8,700 at 82
For Jan. 21st 25,000 81-84
For March 31st 50,000 81-84
Venimontinos 20,000 pata.

Treasury Bonds—
For cash 4,200 at 76
For Jan. 21st 100 shares 60-1
For Jan. 21st 100 shares 60-1

Mr. J. F. Dahan of Lohes sold his wool on the exchange, the second Sunday of February 1880 will be a busy day for Buenos Ayres, unless Jupiter Pluvius should put in an appearance and stop both fun and politics.

A Municipal meeting was held to-day, and a committee named to see the Government about the suspension of Municipal services, if no budget for year not passed.

Also 1000 Correntino hides at 47, and 1000 at 47 1/2.

Freights after the great push for the 5th dropped to-day to 30s and 10 per cent, 1000 bales engaged at this rate for 8 to 8 1/2.

Mr. Woodgate commenced leading the Strathgairn to-day at 50s and 10 per cent for Antwerp, and 40s and 10 per cent Dunkerque.

The Galileo II seems to have made a splendid run, beating the French mail to Lisbon where she arrived on the 4th.

A Municipal meeting was held to-day, and a committee named to see the Government about the suspension of Municipal services, if no budget for year not passed.

Exchange ruled quiet enough this afternoon and a large business done. American and German bills on bankers at 49 1/2 and 53 1/2 Antwerp.

Discounts on the exchange were 80 per cent for produce were very heavy, and at all the banks a large movement.

Telegrams received to-day state that R.M.S. Guadiana sailed on 30th December for Rio de Janeiro.

The sale of the fine Barlo estancia on the Arroyo river 1,275 square is reported for 1,400,000 m/c. Messrs Han bay, whose estate adjoins, some of the best land in this country.

Messrs. Diggins sold—
1000 ar. good wool, 104.
3000 do regular 90.
3000 do. 95.

It was reported on 'Change' that the guarantee business of the Provincial Bank for the funds in Europe has fallen through; the Provincial Government opposing.

Charter, German brig Wodan to load talow at Gualeguay 30s or so for orders.

Mr. Ham sold
1500 ar fine wool 103
2000 do 110

Mr. Casey sold
300 ar at 102
400 do 90

500 fan, Bragado wheat 180 per ar
The Custom House receipts to-day were 31,059 pata.

At 4 o'clock the following sales:—
Gold—
For cash 50,000 31.80
Jan. 31 10,000 31.90

At 5 p.m. Market closed at 31.85 sellers and buyers at 31.80 for cash, and for end of month sales at 31.30, and buyers 31.65.

Cedulas A—
Jan. 31 10,000 31-2
Nat. Bank Shares—
For Jan. 31st 100 shares at 60-1

At the South Market some business done at the following prices—
14,500 ar of wool arrived by train and car.

500 fan, wheat, 60 fan, maize in cob and other produce.
20,000 ar. of wool sold.

The sales were—
Wool—Lots by various at 78, 80, 88, 90, 92, 94, 95, 98, 100, 103, 104, 105, 110 and 112 according to quality.

Sheepskins—6000 do. macedero and camp by various at 35-37 1/2. Ordinaries at 36-11.
Epidermis, desechos and ordinarities at 20-11 1/2.

Cow Hides—288 macedero, camp and ordinaries at 195-208. Biscorras at 170. Nonas at 20.
Horse Hides—90 camp at 38-40.
Doe skins—540 lbs. at 9-12 1/2.
Hides—340 lbs. at 14-16 1/2.
Malta—500 fan, macedero, whited, at 75.
Wheat—50 fan, new, Costa, at 185.
Flour—At Molino Constitution, 4,000 ar., at 30.

The Cotopaxi's mails have brought the following advice:—
A circular has been issued notifying the suspension of Mr. C. T. Gidding, of Corbet Court, Grasschurch-street, London, and B. Ayres. The house was established in 1856.

The books have been placed in the hands of Messrs Farquhar, Young, and Co., and Messrs Parker and Co., of 48, Michael's Alley, are the collectors. The suspension is stated as having arisen from failure of foreign correspondence. The firm was formerly in a large way of business, but of late its bills have been rarely seen in this market, and the liabilities must be small.

'Schwein, Wustphalia; Gebrüder Buscho, manufacturer, liabilities very large, the greatest part which will fall on Leeds, Bradford, and Manchester. With respect to the failure of J. E. Godfrey and Son, of Hamburg, the liabilities are stated to be from one million to one million and a half marks. Among the most important are the North German Bank, Baring Brothers who are said to be creditors for 210,000, and John H. Schölder and Co. (555,000), of London, and F. D. Krauss and Co., of Paris (400,000); but these amounts are probably against credits and compensations, and therefore more or less covered.

We received mails from Rio to-day to Jan. 1st. Mr. Adamson has suspended Mr. Bandale, owing to the charge of smuggling brought against the Vice-consul, exchange of consuls, and River Plate's fall selling at 17 to 19 m/c; market firm, and flour 91,312 barrels.

It seems that the German steamer *Hermann* brought out 1,119 emigrants in all, and had a most fearful voyage; two deaths on board and one birth. In the voyage from Bremen to Genoa she met with a terrible storm; the captain died on board and was buried in Genoa.

The Pacific steamer *Britannia* beat the *Niger* in the run up to Rio by 14 hours and 10 minutes.

The German brigantine *Emma Beng* cleared yesterday by Schwartz for Antwerp from Montevideo with 452 bales wool and 40,500 boms.

The Spanish brig *Timoteo 1^o*, to load in Gualeguay 4,000 q. beef for Brazil, at 4 1/2 to 5 and 6 per cent.

On Dec. 10th 550,000 soya. were withdrawn from Bank of England for South America.

Mr. H. Adams and Mr. N. H. Adams, cattle importers, were welcomed on 'Change'. Mr. N. H. Adams has just returned from a trip to Santa Fe colonies.

The papers up from Montevideo contain long letters against the Water Supply Company. We have no time to read the articles through, but the affix seems to stand on the same bottom as the G.S. question. No money no war, and of course large amounts due to the Company. We suppose the matter, like the G.S. question, will admit of the same arrangements.

The great news in the Plaza Once market this morning was the very sudden rise in wheat. 200 m/c asked for some lots from the Customs, and ultimately sold at 18 1/2 m/c. This for the ordinary run of wheat is about the highest price ever remembered.

The news from Europe about Argentine flour is simply splendid. A consignment sent by steamer to Antwerp has been sold for 11 1/2, being equal to the highest price for the best U. States. The flour was from the San Francisco mill this city, and we much congratulate Mr. Haydon, the miller, on the sale.

Mr. Fries was the broker who sold the flour, but it is no longer broker, but partner of the firm of Hermann Aligly, Calle Venezuela. The following is a summary from Mr. Aligly's weekly wheat review given round to-day:—

Arrivals during week—
Wheat Flour Maize
Kgs. Kgs. Kgs.

From Rivers..... 69,892 44,138
West. Railway..... 369,874 18,782 50,041
South Railway..... 57,100
In carts..... — 33,700

Total..... 492,056 67,920 83,721

Export to—
Europe..... 36,720 6,992 83,250
Buenos Aires..... 4,172 bags of wheat have arrived, the weight of which has not yet been determined.

Wheat—The demand from millers is strong, and the light arrivals do not meet the wants. Every arrival is immediately disposed of; an important rise has taken place. The high prices of the previous week for Costa kinds are now also paid for those of the Salado, and 600 fanegas of Chilivoy wheat fetched 180 m/c. A heavy Chubut lot was sold at 169 m/c. The Costa kinds are firm at 180 m/c. There is some more animation in the flour market, and transactions have been made at 30 and 31 m/c per arroba of B. Aires. This rise is not extraordinary, considering the high price of the grain. The maize market is dull.

We received from India by to-day's mail the following:—
Department of Agriculture and Commerce, N.-W. P. and Oudh.

Cawapore N.-W. P., India.
Dear Sir,

I have been recommended by a former resident of Buenos Aires to apply to you for assistance in obtaining some fresh toils for the South American fodder crop called 'alfalfa', which I am desirous of introducing, if possible, to the cultivators of this portion of India.

Should you be able to give me any assistance, either by obtaining fresh toils for me, or by favouring me with any useful particulars concerning its habits, mode of cultivation and average output, I need hardly say that you will confer a great obligation.

The amount of seed I want to commence with would be about 50 lbs, which should be forwarded to me via Calcutta.

Yours very truly,
J. B. FULLER,
Asst. Director, Dept. of Agric. & Commerce, N.-W. P. and Oudh.

Messrs Punge & Co., of Antwerp, under date 11th Dec., give the following:—
Wool—

Since our last the market has ruled active and more firmness has been noticeable and some improvement in prices has been established particularly on good qualities. Arrivals of the new clip have reached us more freely and the quality so far has given satisfaction, having turned out better than was generally expected.

Various small parcels have fetched high rates, say 12 to 14.50 for wool rendering 36-37 o/o.

The following changes will be introduced in our selling conditions for wool and sheepskins with the beginning of next year, there will only be allowed 5 1/2 for pure tale and no discount will henceforward be given.

Sheepskins—
We have had a few arrivals of skins of the new season, which has given rise to some business. Prices paid denote great firmness, and for good and full-woolled skins a rise of from 6 to 10 centimes on last month's prices was allowed.

Sale of bales.
8 to 480 bales.
At the public sales held in Bordeaux from 2d to 6th inst. 3,993 bales were offered and 3,163 bales sold. The sales were well attended, and a rise of 15 to 20 centimes established on October's rates.

Hides—
The demand has continued fair; however with small receipt and stock greatly reduced, the value of the business transacted has not so far been limited. Prices continue to favour seller, and for Uruguay m/c at the following rates were allowed 75-75 for 20 to 25 kilos and 75-82 for 25 to 32 kilos.

Dry hides are also in good demand. The top price is for pail for Buenos Aires macedero as well as now is 14.15.

The following is an extract from the report of the London & River Plate Bank Directors received by the mail:—

In presenting the Seventeenth Annual Report, the Directors are able to express their confidence in the position of the Bank.

Notwithstanding the low rates of interest ruling in the River Plate during the past year, and the increased competition the Bank has had to encounter, its general operations have been of an encouraging character, and the result of the year's business will doubtless be deemed satisfactory.

After making ample provision for bad and doubtful debts, and adding to the reserve fund the sum of £5,500, thus raising it from £131,500 to £140,000, the Directors are enabled to declare a dividend of 4 per cent for the half-year ended 30th Sept., 1879, being the interim dividend paid in June, 8 per cent for the year. A balance of £3,474 7s 6d will be carried forward to the profit and loss account for the current year.

The Directors who retire by rotation on this occasion are Messrs John Ekin, David Rowden and Thomas S. Richardson, who, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Dividend warrants, free of income tax, will be issued, payable on the 22nd Dec., 1879. GEORGE W. THOMAS, Chairman.

London, 6th December, 1879.
Balance Sheet up to the 30th Sept. 1879—
Capital and Liabilities.

To Capital called up to date..... 600,000 0 0
Reserve Fund..... 131,500 0 0
Bills payable at bank..... 545,162 10 11
And Branches..... 317,911 10 2

Deposit and amounts due on current accounts, etc. 2,487,154 5 3
Balance of interest on bills discounted, not due 30th September 1879..... 16,121 12 3

Profit and loss account—
Balance from last year..... 5,596 5 7
Net profit for year..... 54,375 1 11
30th September, 1879..... 4,108,824 15 1

By

ADMINISTRACION DE AGUAS CORRIENTES & Co.

Aviso a los Proprietarios Y EMPRESARIOS DE OBRAS

Por disposición del Sr. Presidente de la Comisión y a fin de salvar los inconvenientes que diariamente se presentan en el servicio de las Aguas Corrientes, se hace saber al público que aquellas casas en que la cañería interior haya sido colocada o no, según el Reglamento respectivo, se les concede el agua, al costo respondiendo en el caso de no haberlo cumplido, a la Comisión de Aguas Corrientes, el pago de la suma de \$1.00 por cada metro cuadrado de superficie de terreno que no haya sido cubierto por la cañería interior.

A este efecto los interesados deberán presentar previamente en la Oficina de Ingenieros, una muestra del cable respectivo, cuya longitud sea de diez centímetros por lo menos, y no podrán cubrir el caso en el sitio de su colocación, hasta tanto haya sido examinado por un empleado de esta oficina.

EL INGENIERO

OTRO

De acuerdo con el Reglamento para la provisión de agua, se hace saber al público que en las casas que estén provistas de agua y aun cuando paguen según el precio, no podrán hacerse refacciones o construcciones en que sea necesario el agua sin previamente presentar a la Oficina de Ingenieros, el plano de lo que ha de hacerse a fin de abonar la cuota que corresponda por el consumo.

En su defecto se cobrará el doble de lo que correspondería abonar, suspendiéndose la provisión, en caso de negarse a ello.

EL INGENIERO

MAXWELINA

No more scab in Sheep if this Specific be used.

It also possesses the unknown advantage of not destroying the wool nor injuring the animal even though the solution be prepared, by mistake, of too great a strength.

FOR SALE BY

EDWARD CASEY, 80 Reconquista

D ROSETI & Cia. Victoria 162

AND AT THE

Corralon 11 DE SETIEMBRE, of V. R. & E. CASARES, Calles

Bravida y Gijón

In the same Establishment there are on sale Posts, Wire, Iron, Galvanized

Iron, Tiles, Pine etc.

IV. L. AND E. CASARES,

PLAZA ONCE DE SETIEMBRE

RUSTON PROCTOR & Co

Engineers and Millwrights

LINCOLN

The Machinery of this world-famous Firm has obtained 160 Gold, Silver and Bronze Medals, besides many money prizes at the various International and other Exhibitions, and at the last Paris Exhibition besides Four First Medals. The principal Mr. Joseph Ruston, had the honor to receive the Cross of Knight of the Legion of Honour, in appreciation of the Superior Merits of his Machinery there exhibited.

The Agents can show the designs and prices of the several classes of Machinery amongst which are:-

Vertical and Horizontal Engines with Boilers
Horizontal and Vertical Engines with Boilers
Threshing Machines
Steam Engines
Portable and Combined Grinding Mills.
Machines for Sawing and Dressing Machines.
Circular Saws and Planes.
Grinding and Mortar Mills.
Mining Machinery
Centrifugal Pumps with Portable Engines.

Special quotations will be given for Mining Machinery, Brick Making Machinery, Steam Pumps, General Contractors' Pumps, Lifting Jacks, Shading and Gearing of all kinds, Flour Mills combining the most modern and improved systems.

AGENTS

M. FORRESTER & Co.

185—PIRADA—187

Aviso Oficial

Se avisa al público que el 28 de Febrero de 1880 se procederá a la venta en remate público en esta Oficina, de acuerdo con la ley de 21 de Mayo de 1879, por el maridato Don Gabriel Ocampo de terrenos de propiedad fiscal ubicada en los partidos de Bolívar y Tres Arroyos.

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B. Aires, Diciembre 13 de 1879

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Se avisa al público que el 11 de Enero de 1880 se procederá a la venta en remate en esta Oficina, de acuerdo con la ley de 21 de Mayo de 1879, por el maridato Don Gabriel Ocampo de terrenos de propiedad fiscal ubicada en los partidos de Bolívar y Tres Arroyos.

El terreno en venta en el Partido de Bolívar, se compone de doce lotes cada uno con la superficie de noventa y tres metros cuadrados, equivalentes a 1333 cuerdas cuadradas.

La base de la venta será \$12,450 m/p por cada lote.

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